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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/690,190	10/21/2003	Leonard Bell	59 DIV	3662	
28120	7590 09/26/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
FISH & NEAVE IP GROUP			VANDERVEGT, FRANCOIS P		
ROPES & GRAY LLP ONE INTERNATIONAL PLACE BOSTON, MA 02110-2624			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1644		
			DATE MAILED: 09/26/2006	DATE MAILED: 09/26/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
055 - 4-6- 0	10/690,190	BELL, LEONARD				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	F. Pierre VanderVegt	1644				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 Ju	ne 2006.					
	action is non-final.					
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	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	ال ا					

Application/Control Number: 10/690,190

Art Unit: 1644

## **DETAILED ACTION**

This application is a divisional of U.S. Application Serial Number 10/047,608, which claims the benefit of the filing date of provisional application 60/262,540.

Claims 1-13 are currently pending and are the subject of examination in the present Office Action.

1. In view of Applicant's amendment filed June 26, 2006 only the following ground of rejection is maintained.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-13 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Fitch et al. (cited on form PTO-1449; Circulation (1999) 100:2499-2506).

It was previously stated: "Briefly, the claims are drawn to a method of determining the effectiveness of an anti-inflammatory compound in a patient undergoing a procedure involving cardiopulmonary bypass and comparing incidence of infarctions with control subjects wherein both groups have a blood level of creatine kinase (as CK-MB) of at least a certain level in ng/ml.

It is noted that CK-MB is found in large amounts in the heart muscle. Due to damage to the heart muscle, blood levels of CK-MB typically rise within a few hours after a heart attack, reaching a peak level before falling back to normal levels within several days. Measurement of CK-MB is one method used by practitioners to determine the occurrence of a myocardial infarction.

Fitch teaches an assay method of administering of a humanized single chain monoclonal antibody directed to human complement component C5 (h5G1.1-scFv) to subjects undergoing coronary bypass surgery (CBP) and comparing those subjects to subjects to subjects receiving a placebo. It is noted that h5G1.1-scFv is the same anti-C5 antibody exemplified in the instant specification and that the properties recited in instant claims 12 and 13 are described in the instant specification at the paragraph bridging pages 2-3 as being properties of h5G1.1-scFv. The h5G1.1-scFv antibody is a complement inhibitor [claim 9] that binds to complement component C5 [claim 10] and prevents the cleavage of C5 into C5a and C5b [claim 11] (Fitch page 2500, column 1 in particular). Fitch teaches that a post-operative measurement of CK-MB yields information on myocardial injury and that antibody-treated patients have lower CK-MB levels than placebo-treated controls (Figure 4 in particular). Fitch teaches that "[e]levated postoperative CK-MB levels are associated with an increasing incidence of postoperative ventricular regional wall abnormalities and decreased global left ventricular fraction in the early post-CABG period, which can persist up to 9 months" (page 2504, paragraph bridging columns in particular). While Fitch states that, "there does not appear to be a threshold effect," Fitch asserts that, "it is apparent that the greater the release of CK-MB, the greater the subsequent morbidity, cost, and mortality" and that, "it is likely that significant reductions in postoperative myocardial injury might be associated with improved

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outcomes" (page 2504, paragraph bridging columns in particular). It is noted that Fitch is silent about patient samples comprising at least 50 ng/ml of CK-MB postoperatively, however Fitch measures CK-MB in units of IU/ml rather than in the ng/ml format used in the instant specification (Figure 4 for example). Fitch shows that the mean blood level of CK-MB in placebo controls is over 1200 IU/ml while the mean blood level in antibody treated subjects is over 600 IU/ml. The office does not have the facilities and resources to provide the factual evidence needed in order to establish the relationship between IU and ng per ml or that there is a difference between the materials, i.e., that the claims are directed to new materials and that such a difference would have been considered unexpected by one of ordinary skill in the art, that is, the claimed subject matter, if new, is unobvious. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, the burden is on the Applicant to prove that the claimed materials are different from those taught by the prior art and to establish patentable differences. See In re Best 562F.2d 1252, 195 USPQ 430 (CCPA 1977) and Ex parte Gray 10 USPQ 2d 1922 (PTO Bd. Pat. App. & Int. 1989). In other words, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, it is presumed that the CK-MB levels reported by Fitch as 600 IU/ml in the treatment group of Figure 4 is at least equivalent to the instantly recited peak levels of 50 ng/ml [claim 1], 60 ng/ml [3] 70 ng/ml [4], 80 ng/ml [5], 90 ng/ml [6], 100 ng/ml [7] or 120 ng/ml [8]. Accordingly, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, the instant invention includes the treatment of patients below a postoperative threshold level as well as those above the threshold and is therefore no different in practice than the method of Fitch. The prior art teaching anticipates the claimed invention."

Applicant's arguments filed June 26, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

- Applicant argues that the Fitch reference is not anticipatory because Fitch does not teach the measurement of a "peak" level of CK-MB. Applicant submits that the "cumulative" measurement of CK-MB by Fitch post-operatively and Applicant's measurement of a "peak" level of CK-MB post-operatively are different in practice. While Fitch does not single out a particular peri- or post-operative measurement of CK-MB as being the "peak level," the claim requires only that the peak level be greater than 50-120 ng/ml. If subjects in the study by Fitch reach a level of greater than 50-120 ng/ml at any point during the "cumulative" measurement, then those subjects satisfy the metes and bounds of the claims as presented. It is suggested that Applicant amend the base claim to positively recite a step of measuring the peak level in a manner consistent with the disclosure of the specification.
- 4. The following represents a new ground of rejection that necessitates making this Office Action NON-FINAL.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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5. Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 is ambiguous and unclear in the recitation of "a subject group comprising at least one patient undergoing a procedure involving cardiopulmonary bypass." Does the claim mean that only one patient in a larger subject group undergoes a procedure involving cardiopulmonary bypass with the rest of the patients in the group not undergoing the procedure? Clarification is required.

Claim 1 is ambiguous and unclear in the recitation of "comparing incidence of infarctions in the subject group to incidence of infarctions in a control sample of patients." What happens if there are no infarctions in the control group or in either group? Clarification is required.

## Conclusion

- 6. No claim is allowed.
- 7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to F. Pierre VanderVegt whose telephone number is (571) 272-0852. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 6:30-4:00 and Alternate Fridays 6:30-3:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christina Chan can be reached on (571) 272-0841. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217/9197 (toll-free).

F. Pierre VanderVegt, Ph.D.

Patent Examiner September 18, 2006

DAVID SAUNDERS

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